LMHER 6-4-13 Keleased Hom 6-9-13 IN home health P.T. Jeff, Nuse Kathy 4 monica many Stopped Bervill For I Week

Circle or check affirmatives, backslash (1) negatives. **EMERGENCY** 84 PROVIDER RECORD Initial Provider Contact TIME SEEN: 1431 ROOM: 19 EMS Arrival patient) HISTORIAN! paramedics spouse INTERPRETER UNABLE TO OBTAIN HISTORY DUE Super CHIEF COMPLAINT / BRIEF HPI: WHEEZING COLUS CHEST PAIN DYSPNEA DIARRHEA ABDOMINAL PAIN VOMITING SEIZURE **FEVER** ALOC FAINTING 1 Red VERTIGO DIZZINESS OTHER: PMD +x0 C oral Abx **PAST HX** neurological problems\_ lung disease SEVEN asthma emphysema Seizure disorder cardiac diseases Cabo diabetes heart attack (MI) angina heart failure Pa Co insulin-dependent diet-controlled oral hypoglycemic MR SA heart failure high blood pressure high cholesterol other problems ABX her test none See nurses note Medications Allergies **NSAID** ee hurses note acetaminophen UNKAOWA V/S BP (23/58 HR PHYSICA'L EXAM **EXAM LIMITED BY:** GENERAL decreased LOC alert and interactive non-verbal / uncooperative RESPIRATORY mild / moderate / severe distress horesp distress wheezes / rales / rhonchi decreased breath sounds R/ Inml breath sounds CVS tachycardia / bradycardia omi rate irregularly irregular rhythm occasional / frequent\_ nml rhythm nml heart sounds murmur\_ ABBOMEN tenderness general/focal non-tender distended / rebound / guarding. Znø distension bowel sounds absent / Increased / decreased Aml bowel sounds SKIN pallor / ecchymosis / cyanosis rash cool / diaphoretic / not intact nml color dry mucus membrane warm, dry, intact nml volume status poor skin turgor (edema) 3 NEURO disoriented to person / place / time priented x 3 focal neuro deficit grossly intact

06/04/13 M053082 BD:03/16 V024703878 PARVIN, MARY JEAN CARTCH MCAB

		v v	
INTIAL ORD	ERS & PLAN:		
LABS:	ABG	BCx2	BCx1
CO	LACTATE	URINE DIP	UHCG
CBC	CMP	BMP	PT
ск	TROPONIN	BNP .	D-DIMER
OTHER:	CXR	PELVIS	HIP R L
IMAGING:		PELVIO	HIF K L
XR EXTREMI	17:		
CT:	HEAD	C-SPINE	FACIAL
CT (OTHER):			
US:	PELVIC	ОВ	GB
US (OTHER):		DVT R L	
IV FLUIDS:	NS)	LR	D5 1/2NS
	BOLUS 1L	2L Lo	O CC/HR
RT:	ECG	MONITOR F	ULSE OXY
NEB: ALBUTE		TROVENTMO	3 1 HOUR
PO:	TYLENOL	MOTRIN ZO	FRAN ODT
	VICODIN	NORCO PE	RCOCET
IM:	TORADOL	MORPHINE DIL	AUDID
v:	TORADOL	MORPHINE DIL	AUDID
	ROCEPHIN	LEVAQUINVAN	COMYCIN
MEDICAL REC CARE TO BEG DOCUMENT A	ORD; IT ONLY A	NOTE IS NOT TH LLOWS THE PA ROVIDER WILL ALUATION ON A ATE.	4-1-21-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
OTES:	Perseu	ve)	
- 6	5 Dr. 1	205:4	
	scribir	ng for	
(Scribe no I have reviewed the oth its contents.	me) Instian Ca		r name) racy and agree

\*TFCRV6\*

ED SCANNED

PROVIDER:

Template Complete Initial Provider Committee 84 Pg 1 of 1 Rev. 02 / 12 Pg 1 of 1

2022940843 F493

JDX Provider # 5

6

Ŧ	
LABS, EKG & XRAYS CK 140 Trop 0.04	
*Normal lab value ranges are included on the original lab report  CBC Chem BUN 35 PTT  (nml except platelets (nml except Creat 2.07 CPK	Inc.
	stem,
LA 1.3 PCT LO.05Gluc 314 INR	
EKG to a L SD. III B	
_nml intervalsnml axisnml QRSnon-specific ST/TW change diagnosis _nmlabnml	5-20
XRAYS ☐Interp. by me ☐Reviewed by me ☐Discsd w/ radiologist ☐read by radio	© 1996 - 2010 T-System, Inc.
_nml / NADno fracturenml alignmentno foreign body interp:	
Ultrasound lower extremitynml/NAD	
PROGRESS   see additional template: # 94 51a	)
Time unchanged improved re-examined	3 4
Ble by cellality analy non	_
plu ble LEadened spondars	OB
	_
patient ambulating / mentating at pre-event baseline	_
Discharge VS: BP HR DD Tamb	_
Y Discussed with Dr. Hlaina Time: 1055	5
will see patient in: (ED ) nospital / office Counseled patient) family regarding: Additional history from:	,
dub / rud. result diagnosis need for follow-up family caretaker baramedics	
prior records orderedholding orders written	
CRITICAL CARE (excluding time for other separate services)	_i
TIME 30-74 min 75-104 min m	in !
CLINICAL IMPRESSION	
PAIN R/L - ACUTE Gas Gangrene  LEG KNEE CALF ANKLE FOOT Gouty Arthritis - gcute	7
Caude Equina Syndrome  Necrotizing Fasciitis	
Compartment Syndrome Pulmonary Embolus	
Deep venous inrombosis Pyomyositis	
Fasciitis Plantar , Vascular Occlusion	
(DCH+ exacel w for (2) lossible relateds	
Present On Admission decubitus / UTI w/ foley (3) Lack Outs Surmer Disposition Order Time 16 55	4
DISPOSITION- home Madmitted OBS expired AMA (see AMA template #73). Transferred	
CONDITION- unchanged improved stable	
Care transferred toMD / DO / MLP Time:	
■ I personally evaluated and examined the patient in conjunction with the MLP and	
agree with the assessment, treatment plan and disposition of the patient as recorded by the MLP.	
K.Silvan scribing for Dr. Oshita	010
(Scribe name) (Provider name)	20.2
yith its apritants.	oda.»
MD/DO IDX Provider #	line.
Terapate Complete   Written Addendum	MHealil <b>e</b> Verbo 20 - 2010

	1	
Nursing Assessn	nent Reviewed 🔃 Initial Vital Signs Reviewed 🗌 Telemet	LARS EKC & VRAVE IIIG
BP 123 158	HR 70 RR 18 Temp 37.1	
Pulse Ox 94	% RA O2 Interp (nm) hypoxic	*Normal lab value ranges are included on the original lab report
		CBC Chem BUN 35
PHYSICAL E		(nml ) except platelets (nml ) except Creat 2.C
EXAM LIMITED		WBCsegsNaBNP_145
General Appear	rance	Hgb bands K D-Dimer_
√ appears well	mild / moderate / severe distress	HctlymphsCO2PT
✓ alert	anxious / lethargic	LA 1.3 PCT LO.05Gluc 314 INR
oriented x 3	disortented to person/place/time	Rhythm Strlp Rate Rhythm NSR/PVC
		. 5160
LOWER EXTRE	M	
nmNnspection	foot / ankle / Achilles tendon / calf / thigh / hip	
nontender	pedal edem 2+ B) to the hip	XRAYS
no pedal edema	calf circumference Rcm Lcm	Interp. by me Reviewed by me Discsd w/ radiologist
_nml weight bear	ingcrepitus / subcutaneous emphysema	study:
	painful / unable to bear weight	nml / NADno fracturenml alignment no foreign
Joint Exam	ligamentous instability	nmi / NAL)no fracturenml alignmentno foreig
√joints nml	effusion	Ultrasound lower extremity
		Ultrasound lower extremity
✓nml ROM	click / crepitus	
<u>-</u> 11111110111	_limited ROM	PROGRESS   see additional template: # 94 51a
VASCULAR	No. ( No. )	
no vascular	_pale / cool extremity	, the state of the
, compromise	poor capillary refill	At The p 3-years for a
pulses full / equal	Homan's sign / cords	Ble late cellulity analys
- puises full / equal	decreased / absent pulse	Dlu Blu I Eadened SOO
	femoral popliteal dors-pedis post-tib	THE HE LE BUETNINGSPO
	R	+
	L	
	_abnml compartment pressure	
NEUDO	done by ED provider / consultant	patient ambulating / mentating at pre-event baseline_
NEURO	No.	Discharge VS: BP HR RR
✓nml cognition	cognitive deficit	V Discussed with Dr. Hlaina Tin
cerebellar	ataxia	will see patient in: (ED / nospital / office
gait nml		Counseled patient family regarding: Additional history
sensorimotor	sensory / motor deficit facial droop	(ab / rad. result diagnosi) need for follow-up family caretake
✓ sensation nml	_ (, (	prior records ordered holding order
✓motor nml	abnml / asymmetric reflexes	Rx given
nml reflexes	patellar achilles	CRITICAL CARE (excluding time for other separat
	R	TIME ☐ 30-74 min ☐ 75-104 min
	L	CLINICAL IMPRESSION
SKIN	cyanosis / diaphoresis / pallor	
color nml, no rash	_warmth (erythem) BLE.	PAIN R/L -ACUTE Gas Gangrene
_warm, dry	_rash / embolic lesion	LEG KNEE CALF ANKLE FOOT Gouty Arthritis
	lymphangitis	Caude Equina Syndrome Necrotizing Factoria
	decubitus	Compartment Syndrome Pulmonary Emb
HEENT	scleral icterus / pale conjunctivae	Deep Venous Thrombosis Pyomyositis
√head atraumatic	EOM palsy / anisocoria	Epidural Abscess Sciatica
✓eyes inspctn nml	pharyngeal erythema	Fascilitie Plantae
ZENT inspetn nml		OCHF exacel by on 6 position
✓ pharynx nml		Present On Admission decubitus / UTI w/ foley (3) Low
RESPIRATORY	_respiratory distress	Disposition Order Time 1655
no resp. distress	wheezes / rales / rhonchi	DISPOSITION- home admitted OBS expired
breath sounds nml		LI AMA (see AMA template #73) Transferred
CVS	tachycardia / bradycardia	CONDITION- unchanged improved stable
reg. rate & rhythm	[VD_	
heart sounds nml		Care transferred toMD / DO / MLP Time
Tical c soulids IIIII	murmur / gallop	NP / PA IDX Provider #
ABDOMEN / GI	13 / 35 / 4	I personally evaluated and examined the patient in conjunction with
ABDOMEN / GI	tenderness / guarding / rebound	agree with the assessment, treatment plan and disposition of the patien
non-tender	hepatomegaly / splenomegaly / mass	by the MLP.
no organomegaly		K.Silvan scribing for Dr. Oshi
no bruit / mass		/ /c :
BACK / NECK	_vertebral point-tenderness	(Scribe name) (Provider na
✓nml inspection	_pos straight-leg raise test on R / L atdeg	I have reviewed the information recorded by the scribe for accuracy with its epitents.
PSYCH	_depressed mood / flat affect	/ // n Hours
✓ mood / affect nml	/	MD/DO IDX Provider #_
	. /	Template Complete Written Addendum

06/04/13 M053082 V024703878 BD:03/ PARVIN, MARY JEAN 70 /F BD:03/16/43 MCAB PHYSER ER .

10229304232

Lower Extremity Problem - 42 Pg 2 of 2 Rev. 02/11

Circle or check affirmatives, backslash (1) negatives.



## EMERGENCY PROVIDER RECORD

42

**Lower Extremity Problem** 

Compartment Syndrome / Gas Gangrene / Necrotizing Fascilitis / Pyomyositis
DATE: 04/13 TIME: 1550 ROOM: 19 EMS Arrivo
HISTORIAN: (patient ) family EMS
UNABLE TO OBTAIN HISTORY DUE TO:
HPI pcp: Freund O: Stenzier
chief complaint: (pain) (welling altered sensation
RIC FOOT (NKLE LEG KNEE THIGH HIP BACK
onset / duration:
X 3-4 weeks
timing: sudden-onset
intermittent episodes lasting
better worse / persistent since
Boule HOW
recent injury? (no) yes possibly
Where? home work
context:prolonged pressure on extremity
Pt clo worsening pain swelling.
and erythema Ito (B) legs.
location: P=Pain S Swelling T=Tenderness E Erytherna
(· · \ (```)
\ , \ T, \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
)-0-( ) () (
$-(\lambda_{1})(\lambda_{1})(\lambda_{2})(\lambda_{1})(\lambda_{2})(\lambda_{1})(\lambda_{2})(\lambda_{2})(\lambda_{3})(\lambda_{4})(\lambda_{5}$
PARE IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PR
SAR
WE CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY
severity: mild moderate severe
exacerbated by: nothing relieved by: nothing
walking movement rest elevation associated symptoms: difficult walking off balance / painful
sweaty hurts to breathe / short of breath
chest pain weak
rapid heart rate fainting / dhzy
milar symptoms previously
ecently seen / treated by doctor

06/04/13 V0247038 PARVIN, M		2 70 /F 03/16/43
MCAB	PHYSER	ER

ROS	
CONST	FEMALE GENITAL
fever / chills	LNMP preg post-menop
EYES / ENT	preg poor menop
vision change / problems	MUSCLE SKELETAL / SKIN / LYMPH
sore throat / dental problems	neck / back pain
CVS (see HPI) / PULMONARY	rash
cough bloody / productive	swollen glands
GI/GU	NEURO / PSYCH
abdominal pain	headache
naisea / vontiting	confusion / dementia
diarrhea / black / bloody stools	depression / anxiety
problems urinating painful	
testicular / groin pain	all systems neg except as marked
PAST HX	
RELATED PAST HX	aortic aneurysm CKD
back injury	
chronic back pain	GIVE VIII
diabetes Type I (ype 2)	peripheral vascular disease
diet / oral / insulin neuropathy	Gl disease ulcer hepatitis cirrhosis
ypertension	gout depression i
intervertebral disc disease	dyperlipidemia anxiety!
lumbar thoracic cervical	lung disease asthma COPD
hypothyroid	CNA
old records reviewed / summary:	(4/14/13)
Well's Risk Stratification DVT   Ipt each: active cancer / paralysis or immobilized in cast / less than 4 wk / tender over deep venous system 3cm vs. other leg / pitting edema / previous DVT 2 pt each: DVT more likely than alternative diagn LOW(0) (3%) MOD(1-2) (17%) HiGH(great LUTGERIES / Procedures	/ collateral superficial veins(non varicose)
ppendectomy ack surgery	cholecystectomy
ardiac bypass stent / cath	hysterectomy / BTL / C-section_
	TURP
pacemaker AICD	
naging prior CT / MRI / US date	
edicationsnonesee nurses	note Allergies NKDA
pirin clopidogrel warfarin LMV	WHsee nurses note
SAID acetaminophen BCP's _	antibiotic SULFA
CEFIEX DOXY	IV contrast
OCIAL HX smoker	X
cohol (recent / heavy / occasional)	drugs
ing situation alone family (friend)	growth care facility
dione Juliny (meno	group care judited
	1



10229304231

Pg 1 of 2

RUN DATE: 06/28/13 RUN TIME: 0233

RUN USER: RODRCY

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

EDM Patient Record

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

ER Caregivers

Physician Oshita, Masaru MD - ER, ST Practitioner

Nurse

ANDERSON, DIANNE, RN

Arrival Date 06/04/13

Time 1353

Triage Date 06/04/13

Time 1401

PCP

Freund, Edmund MD-Mills

Date of Birth 03/16/1943

Stated Complaint LOWER EXT CELLULITIS, CHF

Chief Complaint Rash Priority 3

43

Primary Impression

Departure Disposition LMH EAST - ACUTE CARE

Departure Comment Departure Condition Departure Date 06/04/13

Time 2230

Allergies

Allergy or Adverse Reaction

Sulfa (Sulfonamide Antibiotics)

Type Sev Date Ver AdvReac S 06/27/13 N

Convulsions; REACTION AS A CHILD. OK TO TAKE LASIX

Converted from Ingredient Allergy: Sulfa Drugs

morphine MAKES HER FEEL FUNNY

AdvReac M 06/27/13 Y

latex

Allergy M 06/27/13 N

Rash

Converted from Drug Class Allergy: Latex

Active Prescriptions

Provider Freund, Edmund MD-Mills

Medication

Location

Issued

Metolazone \*\*

Community Clinic Millsbridge

05/16/13

Metolazone \*\* 2.5 Milligram(s) Tab(s)

2.5 MG ORAL Daily , #30 TABLET REF 6

Cephalexin Monohydrate \*\*

Community Clinic Millsbridge

05/16/13

Keflex \*\* 500 Milligram(s) Cap(s)

500 MG ORAL Three times daily , #30 CAPSULE REF 0

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

PAGE 2

RUN TIME: 0233

EDM Patient Record

RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

Doxycycline Hyclate \*\*

Community Clinic Millsbridge 05/16/13

Doxycycline Hyclate \*\* 100 Milligram(s) Tab(s)

100 MG ORAL Twice daily , #20 TABLET REF 0

Isosorbide Mononitrate \*\*

Community Clinic Millsbridge 04/25/13

Imdur \*\* 30 Milligram(s) TAB.SR.24H

30 MG ORAL Daily , #30 TAB.SR.24H REF 3

HYDROcodone/Acetaminophen 10-500

Community Clinic Millsbridge 02/21/13

Community Clinic Millsbridge

2nd South Nurse Station

Lortab 10-500 1 Tab(s)

1 TAB ORAL Every 8 hours , #90 TABLET REF 3

Lovastatin

Community Clinic Millsbridge 01/30/13

Lovastatin 40 Milligram(s) Tab(s)

40 MG ORAL Daily , #30 TABLET REF 6

Provider [Reported Med]

Reported Medication

Location

Issued

Levothyroxine Sodium

Levothroid 100 Micogram(s) Tab(s)

SOURCE:

COMMENTS:

100 MCG ORAL Daily

Provider [Reported Med]

Reported Medication

Location

Issued

Aspirin \*\*

Aspirin \*\* 81 Milligram(s) DO NOT USE

SOURCE: COMMENTS:

81 MG ORAL Daily

Emergency Room

Furosemide \*\*

Lasix \*\* 40 Milligram(s) Tab(s)

SOURCE:

COMMENTS:

80 MG ORAL Daily

Potassium Chloride

Emergency Room

Klor-Con 10 Milliequivalent(s) TABLET.SA

SOURCE:

COMMENTS:

10 MEQ ORAL Daily

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

EDM Patient Record

RUN TIME: 0233 RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878

Issued

PAGE 3

Unit No. M053082

Provider < NONE>

Reported Medication

Insulin Aspart

NovoLOG 100 UNIT/1 ML INSULN PEN

SOURCE:

COMMENTS: SLIDING SCALE

0 - 15 UNIT Subcutaneous As directed

Telmisartan \*\*

Emergency Room

Location

Emergency Room

Micardis \*\* 40 Milligram(s) Tab(s)

SOURCE:

COMMENTS:

80 MG ORAL Daily

Escitalopram

Emergency Room

Lexapro 10 Milligram(s) Tab(s)

SOURCE:

COMMENTS: Prescriber: Edmund Freund

10 MG ORAL Daily , #30 TABLET

Insulin Glargine, Hum. rec. anlog \*\*

Emergency Room

Lantus \*\* 100 UNIT/ML Vial(s)

SOURCE: COMMENTS:

27 UNIT Subcutaneous At bedtime , #1 VIAL

ESI/Nursing Assessment

Date 06/04/13 Time 1401 User JACINTO ALEXANDRA M, RN

MSE / Nursing Assessment

Can pt. have visitors? Y

Chief Complaint Plantar Puncture Wound

Reason for visit POSS INFECTION

History & Background/ PT STATES SHE HAS HAD CELLULITIS TO BILATERAL LOWER

(of chief comp)

EXTREMITIES BELOW THE KNEE X3-4 WEEKS. STATES REDNESS AND

13

SWELLING HAS INCREASED OVER PAST FEW DAYS.

Pain description ACHE

Pain relieved by

Pain aggravated by AMBULATION

Tx before arrival PMD VISITS, ORAL ABX

Onset symptom(s) 3-4 WEEKS

(mins, hrs, days, wks, months)

Medical history/ HTN, DM, CABG, HYPERLIPIDEMIA, PACER, AICD, CVA, CHF

(past)

Current chemo or chemo w/i the last 48 hrs? N \*

FSBS Pre-hospital?

Family MD FREUEDMIL Freund, Edmund MD-Mills

Other MD STENZLER: CARDIOLOGIST

DPT: N Date

MMR? Y POLIO? Y

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

PAGE 4

RUN TIME: 0233

EDM Patient Record

RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

Influenza vaccine: N Date

Pneumococcal vaccine: Y Date 10/29/09

Arrival Mode: ambulated

Brought By- self BLS?

ALS?

Code 3?

From- Home

Field interventions-

Signs/Symptoms:

Neurological: alert

oriented

EENT:

Emotional: calm

cooperative

Vision Rt Eye /20 Vision Lt Eye /20 Suspicion of abuse present? N \* Report made?

Dizziness: patient denies

Cardiovascular: hypertension

nypertensio

pacemaker

diabetes mellitus high cholesterol

Skin: pink/normal

warm

dry

rash

OB/GYN:

Respiratory: clear

Muscle symptoms: pain

LMP

Gravida Para

EDC FHT (/min.)

GI: meets defined criteria

Last bowel movement

GU: meets defined criteria

Trauma: non evident

On dialysis: (P)eritoneal, (H)emo

Dialysis:

Nutrition: normal for patient

Lbs lost / gain

kgs 0.000

Observations/

Two or more signs/symptoms present? N

Signs/symptoms present-

Known/suspected infection? Y If yes, Sepsis Protocol initiated? N

Physician notified:

All other systems reviewed & patient denies? Y

Patient receiving Home Health services:

POLST: No

Palliative Care Consult

Priority 3

Urgent

: REG

Allergies

Date 06/04/13 Time 1403 User JACINTO, ALEXANDRA M, RN

Latex allergy? Y

Enter allergies? Y (Drug, Food & Latex)

Allergy band placed on patient: Yes

History of C. difficile: Y ≠

Resistant Organism- MRSA Resistant/Contact

Date Positive 05/12/12

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*If NO resistant organism leave BLANK \*\*\*\*

MRSA

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

PAGE 5

RUN TIME: 0233

RUN USER: RODRCY

EDM Patient Record

Patient PARVIN MARY JEAN

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

Age/Sex 70/F

Vital Signs

Date 06/04/13 Time 1404 User JACINTO,ALEXANDRA M, RN

Get monitor results?

Blood Pressure 123/58

Mode: Mechanic.

Temp-C 37.1

Method: ORAL

02 Sat% 94 On 02? N Mode:

Liters/Minute % Fi02

Continuous pulse oximetry? Pulse 70 Source: Mechanic.

Resp 18

Orthostatic? N Position:

Pain (1-10): 5 5 Moderate Pain

Non-Verbal Pain Scale:

Location-

Comment/

20 Medication History (ED)

Date 06/04/13 Time 1405 User JACINTO, ALEXANDRA M. RN

Medications Taken at Home \*

Enter home medications? Y

\*\*\*The Home Medication list has moved! \*\*\*

To view the Home Medication list go to Reconcile Meds. Y

Veight/Height

Date 06/04/13 Time 1616 User KULM, STACY, RN

Height

Ft. 5 In. 5

Cm. 165.10

Weight

Lbs. 317 Oz.

kgs. 143.78

Scale: Bed

Vital Signs

Date 06/04/13 Time 1833 User LOWRY ERICA RN

Get monitor results?

Blood Pressure 140/81

Mode:

Temp-C

Method:

02 Sat% 97 On 02? N Mode:

Liters/Minute

% Fi02

Continuous pulse oximetry? Y

Pulse 61 Source: Mechanic.

Orthostatic?

Position:

Resp 17

Pain (1-10): 4 4 Moderate Pain

Non-Verbal Pain Scale:

Location-

Comment/

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

PAGE 6

RUN TIME: 0233

EDM Patient Record

RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN.MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

Side:

### Patient Belongings Checklist

Date 06/04/13 Time 1834 User LOWRY, ERICA, RN

PATIENT BELONGINGS-—To be completed upon admission, room change and discharge

Received patient from: New Admit

Does patient have belongings? Y

Glasses? Y Disposition- With patient

Contact lenses? N Disposition-

Purse/wallet? Y Disposition- With patient

Medications? N Disposition-Hearing aid(s)? N Disposition-

Dentures? N Disposition-Type:

Mobility aid(s)? N Disposition-Type-Prosthesis? N Disposition-

Clothing? Y Disposition- With patient Type- SHIRT/UNDERPANTS/SWEAT

PANTS/SHOES

Jewelry? Y Disposition- With patient Type/ MEDICAL ALERT BRACLET Does this inventory match the previous list? If not please describe action taken

Comment/ BOOKS

Discharged to-

Vital Şigns

Date 06/04/13 Time 2030 User ANDERSON,DIANNE, RN

Get monitor results?

Blood Pressure 115/58 Mode: Mechan Temp-C 37.1 Method: ORAL

Mode: Mechanic.

02 Sat% 95 On 02? N Mode: Liters/Minute % Fi02

Continuous pulse oximetry? Y

Pulse 65 Source: Mechanic.

Resp 18 Orthostatic? N Position:

Pain (1-10): NP 0 No Pain

Non-Verbal Pain Scale:

Location-

Comment/

Vital Signs

Date 06/04/13 Time 2200 User ANDERSON, DIANNE, RN

Get monitor results?

Blood Pressure 121/56

Mode: Mechanic.

Temp-C 37.1

Mode: ... Method: ORAL

02 Sat% 92 On 02? N Mode:

Liters/Minute

% Fi02

Continuous pulse oximetry? Y Pulse 70 Source: Mechanic.

Resp 18

Orthostatic? N Position:

Pain (1-10): NP 0 No Pain

Non-Verbal Pain Scale:

Location-Comment/

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

EDM Patient Record

RUN TIME: 0233 RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No M053082

### Discharge Information (ED)

Date 06/04/13 Time 2229 User ANDERSON,DIANNE

Discharge Vitals Blood Pressure 121/56 Mode: Mechanic. Method: ORAL

Temp-C 37.1

02 Sat% 92

Pulse 70 Source: Mechanic.

Resp 18

Can patient verbally communicate? Why not -

Pain (1-10): NP 0 No Pain

Non-Verbal Pain Scale:

Comment

Vaccinations given? N

DPT: N Date

MMR? Y

POLIO? Y

Influenza vaccine: N Date

Pneumococcal vaccine: Y Date 10/29/09

Incomplete visit:

POLST: No

Accompanied by: Self

Patient left: Via gurney

Original with patient? Are IV stop times documented:

AMA?

Discharged? N Admitted? Y Transferred? Patient expired?

LWBS?

PAGE 7

Verbally understands discharge instructions? Translator assisted with DC instructions?

DC instructions given by Crisis Intervention?

Was patient instructed not to drive?

Barriers to learning?

Describe-Discussed signs and symptoms with patient/family?

Understands need for follow-up care?

Understands conditions that warrant return? Medication Reconciliation form given to patient?

Medication Reconciliation form faxed to primary physician:

(only if ED provider changed/altered a chronic medication)

Patient/family educated on home medication list management?

Car seat safety information provided:

(Give info to family of child under 8yrs/less than 4ft 9in)

Admit to: 2nd South Acute Care

Transported by: Patient Care Tech

Transported via: Gurney

Clothing list filled out? Y

Valuables to: Patient

Report called to Report sent? Y

NATELA RN

Receiving Facility

Reason for transfer:

Consulting Physician

Accepting Physician

Admitting/Bed Control Notified

Facility/ED Notified

Report called to Contact phone#

IInit. Transfer date

Time contacted

Time contacted

Time contacted

Time contacted

Name/address of any on-call Physician who refused or failed to appear within a reasonable time. Physician refusing/failing to appear:

Address

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

EDM Patient Record

RUN TIME: 0233 RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

Zip code

City

State

Condition:

Transfer via-Oxygen order?

Mode:

Liters/Minute

Foley order?

Clamp or Drain:

NG order? IV Solution Clamp or Drain:

cc/hour

Other

Other

LOC

Monitor Rhythm

Transferring crew briefed?

Names

Nurse (accoumpaning)

Information sent:

Consent to transfer to another medical facility? Certification for transfer?

Discharge time

Physician called:

Notified by:

(Nurse)

Notified by: (Physician)

Physician responding:

Date notified

Time notified

Pronouncing Physician:

Date

Time pronounced

Family Notified Relationship-

Notified by Dr: Notified by Nurse:

How Notified:

Death without next of kin?

Coroner called?

Coroner case? Coroner contacted \* Public Adm. contacted Public Administrator? Autopsy Requested by:

Autopsy requested?

Consent Signed by

Organ/Tissue Donation (call for all deaths) 1-800-553-6667

Network will evaluate & approach when appropriate

Referred by:

Date

Time

Triage Coordinator Coordinator call back Reference #

Mortuary contacted-

Reference #

Isolation type:

Mortuary Notified ?

Has patient been in restraints within the last 24 hours?

Personal items/

Disposition of Personal Items:

Name

ED physician on duty:

Comment/

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Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

EDM Patient Record

RUN TIME: 0233 RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Account No. V024703878 Age/Sex 70/F

Unit No. M053082

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# Patient Notes

#### By: LOWRY, ERICA, RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1440

PT WITH REDNESS AND WEEPING TO LOWER LEGS. STATES HAS PAIN AND SWELLING TO AREAS. PENDING EVALUATION BY PROVIDER. PT A&O4. NO ACUTE DISTRESS. BED LOW SIDERAILS UP X2. GIVEN ADDITONAL WARM BLANKETS.

#### By: LOWRY, ERICA, RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1451

LAB TECH AT BEDSIDE TO DRAW BLOOD SAMPLES.

#### By: KULM, STACY, RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1643

IV PLACED, MEDICATED WITH ROCEPHIN AND LASIX. AFTER ROCEPHIN COMPLETED, STARTED HER CLINDAMYCIN AFTER FOLEY PLACEMENT. URINE SENT TO LAB PER PROTOCOL. PT AWARE OF PLAN OF CARE PRIMARY RN ERICA INFORMED.

#### By: LOWRY, ERICA, RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1730

HOSPITALIST TO BEDSIDE TO EVALUATE PT FOR ADMISSION TO HOSPITAL. PENDIGN ORDERS FRO ADMISSION AND CONTINUED CARE.

#### By: THOMAS KELLY RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1840

Medication verification - Drug: NOVOLOG 10UNITS Time: 1840

#### By: LOWRY ERICA RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1847

PT GIVEN DINNER MEAL TRAY. MEDICATED PER SLIDING SCALE. IV SALINE LOCK. PENDING BED ASSIGNMENT FOR ADMISSION. NO ADDITIAL NEEDS AT THIS TIME.

### By: LOWRY, ERICA, RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1910

Verbal report given in SBAR format to DIANE RN. Chart check and room safety check completed. Labs discussed. Care of pt turned over.

#### By: ANDERSON, DIANNE, RN

On: 06/04/13 - 1914

PTS AWAKE & ALERT LYING IN BED. SUPPER TRAY REMOVED. PTS ON THE MONITOR WITH CALL LIGHT IN REACH. RESPIRATIONS AER UNLABORED & EVEN. SKIN PWD. NO DISTRESS NOTED

# By: ANDERSON, DIANNE, RN \_\_\_\_\_\_On: 06/04/13 - 2000

PTS RESTING IN BED ON THE MONITOR. CALL LIGHT IN REACH. NO DISTRESS NOTED.

### By: ANDERSON, DIANNE, RN

On: 06/04/13 - 2214

REPORT GIVEN TO NATELA RN

### By: ANDERSON, DIANNE, RN On: 06/04/13 - 2229

PACING AT 70 PER TELE

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

RUN TIME: 0233

EDM Patient Record

RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

### Treatments

### IV/Invasive Line #1

Date 06/04/13 Time 1616 User KULM,STACY, RN

IV Site #1

Location: Left arm

Vein:

Inserted Length

CIL

PAGE 10

Type: Straight catheter

Size: 22 gauge Start Date 06/04/13Time 1616 Attempts 1 Dressing: Opsite (3 days)

Labs drawn with IV start?

Placed by: KULMST KULM,STACY

MD:

Intercath Care? Site WNL?

Comments

Dressing Change?

D/C Date

Time

D/C Reason:

### Foley Catheter

# Date 06/04/13 Time 1637 User KULM,STACY, RN

Procedure performed: indwelling foley catheter

French catheter size 16 Amount drained 170

Reason: accurate measure/crit ill

Urine color: yellow

Insertion problem: none

Urine clarity: clear Foley problem: none

Type: to gravity - simple

Patient response: tolerated

Foley irrigated with

3-way catheter irrigation with

Comment/

### Accu Check

Date 06/04/13 Time 1832 User LOWRY,ERICA, RN

FSBS 327 Comment/

# • Orders

Date Time	Procedure	Ordering Provider
06/04/13 1433 06/04/13 1433 06/04/13 1448 06/04/13 1449 06/04/13 1601 06/04/13 1601	LACTIC ACID PROCALCITONIN Insert IV Rocephin in 0.9% Saline	Carter, Christian PA/Rosing MD Oshita, Masaru MD - ER

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

EDM Patient Record

RUN TIME: 0233 RUN USER: RODRCY

Account No. V024703878

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HE.	Z 18				TT.		2.2.25.2	A 200 PA 200	
 	-					nit No	MILL	1 3112	1.7
									J

Age/Sex 70/F	Unit No. M053082
06/04/13 1603 .Foley Catheter 06/04/13 1604 Lasix 06/04/13 1638 UA W/ REFLEX, FOLEY PROTOCOL 06/04/13 1728 Clinical Parameters 06/04/13 1728 Code/Resuscitation Status 06/04/13 1728 DVT Risk Assessment 06/04/13 1728 Insert IV 06/04/13 1728 New Level of Care 06/04/13 1728 RC: Oxygen - SpO2 Oximetry 06/04/13 1728 RC: Oxygen - SpO2 Oximetry 06/05/13 1346 INF IV FOR TX DX EA ADDL HR 06/05/13 1346 INF IV FOR TX DX UP TO 1HR 06/05/13 1346 INF IV TX DX SEQ EA ADD HR 06/05/13 1346 INJ IM SQ MEDICATION 06/05/13 1346 INJ TX PROPH DX EA ADDL SEQ 06/05/13 1346 URINE CATH, FOLEY SIMPLE	Oshita, Masaru MD - ER Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP Oshita, Masaru MD - ER

		Lab R	esults	
Date	Time	Test	Result	Reference
06/04/13	1459	ABSOLUTE BASOPHILS	0.06	0.00-0.20 K/uI.
06/04/13	1459	ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHILS	0.14	0.00-0.45 K/uL
06/04/13		ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTES	1.29	0.96-4.75 K/uL
06/04/13		ABSOLUTE MONOCYTES	0.43	0.10-1.00 K/uL
06/04/13			3 21	2.40-7.56 K/uL
06/04/13		ALANINE AMINOTRANSERASE	14	14-54 IU/L
06/04/13		ALB/GLOB RATIO ALBUMIN	1.0 L	1.2-2.5
06/04/13		ALBUMIN	2.6 L	3.5-4.8 g/dL
06/04/13		ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	76	38-126 IU/L
06/04/13		ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE	19	15-41 IU/L
06/04/13		B NATRIURETIC PEPTIDE	1453 H	< 176 pg/mL
06/04/13		BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	1.0	0.1-2.0 mg/dL
06/04/13		BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	35 H	8-21 mg/dL
06/04/13		BUN/CREATININE RATIO	16.9	6.0-20.0
06/04/13		CALCIUM	8.6 L	0 0 10 0 417
06/04/13		CARBON DIOXIDE CHLORIDE CPK CREATININE GLOBULIN	27	22-32 mmol/L
06/04/13		CHLORIDE	106	98-107 mmol/L
06/04/13		CPK	140	38-234 IU/L
06/04/13		CREATININE	2.07 H	0.44-1.03 mg/dL
06/04/13		GLOBULIN	2.7	2.0-3.8 gm/dL
06/04/13		GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE	23.7	
06/04/13		GLUCOSE	314 H	70-110 mg/dL
06/04/13		HEMATOCRIT	39.5	37.0-47.0 %
06/04/13		HEMOGLOBIN	13.3	12.0-16.0 g/dL
06/04/13		LACTIC ACID	1.3	0.5-2.2 mmol/L
06/04/13		MEAN CELL VOLUME	89.7	80.0-99.0 fl
06/04/13		MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN	30.1	27.0-33.0 pg
06/04/13	1459	MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB CONC	33.6	31.8-36.2 g/dL
06/04/13			10.2	7.5-10.5 fl
06/04/13	1459	PERCENT BASOPHILS	1 2	<2.5 %
06/04/13	1459	PERCENT EOSINOPHILS	2.8	<7.0 %
06/04/13	1459	PERCENT LYMPHS	25.1	10.0-50.0 %

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*
EDM Patient Record

RUN TIME: 0233

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RUN USER: RODRCY

Patient Age∕Sex		N,MARY JEAN		Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082		
06/04/13	1459	PERCENT MONOCYTES	8.3	<12.0 %		
06/04/13	1459	PERCENT PMNS	62.6	37-80 %		
06/04/13	1459	PLATELET COUNT	211	140-450 K/mm3		
06/04/13	1459	POTASSIUM		3.6-5.1 mmol/L		
06/04/13	1459	POTASSIUM PROCALCITONIN PROTEIN, TOTAL RED BLOOD COUNT	4.3 < 0.05 5.3 L			
06/04/13	1459	PROTEIN, TOTAL	5 3 T	<= 0.5  ng/mL		
06/04/13	1459	RED BLOOD COUNT	4 40	6.1-7.9 g/dL 3.70-5.50 M/uL		
06/04/13	1459	RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDT	H 165 H	10.0-16.4 %		
06/04/13	1459	SODIUM	H 16.5 H 141 0.04 5.1			
06/04/13	1459	TROPONIN I	0.04	134-143 mmol/L		
06/04/13	1459	WHITE BLOOD COUNT	5 1	0.01-0.06 ng/mL		
06/04/13	1640	CRYSTAL	AMORPHOUS URATES 3+	5.0-9.5 K/mm3		
06/04/13		PH, URINE	6.0			
06/04/13		SPECIFIC GRAVITY, URINE	1.019	5.5-8.0		
06/04/13		UA BACTERIA		1.001-1.099		
06/04/13		UA BILIRUBIN	NONE SEEN NEGATIVE	NONE SEEN		
06/04/13		UA BLOOD/HEMOGLOBIN		NEGATIVE		
06/04/13		UA GLUCOSE	NEGATIVE 250	NEGATIVE		
06/04/13		UA KETONE		NEGATIVE mg/dL		
06/04/13		UA LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE mg/dL		
06/04/13		UA NITRITE	NEGATIVE 300 H	NEGATIVE		
06/04/13		UA PROTEIN	NEGALIVE	NEGATIVE		
06/04/13		UA UROBILINOGEN	0.2	NEGATIVE mg/dL		
06/04/13		URINE APPEARANCE	CLOUDY	0.2-1.0 E.U./dL		
		URINE COLOR	AETTOM	CLEAR		
06/04/13	1640	URINE HYALINE CAST	FEW	YELLOW		
06/04/13		URINE PATHOLOGICAL CAST		NONE-FEW /hpf		
06/04/13		URINE RBC	NONE SEEN 6-10 H	NONE SEEN /hpf		
06/04/13		URINE SQUAMOUS EPITHELIA		0-2 rbc/hpf		
		URINE WBC	MODERATE < 2	NONE-FEW epi/hpf		
			ministration Record	0-5 wbc/hpf		
Medicatio	n					
		Sch Date-Time Doc Date-Time	Admin Dose Given - Reason Site	User		
cefTRIAXo:	ne Sod:	ium 2000 MG in 0.9 % Sodium 06/04/13-1500 06/04/13-1617	50 MLS	KULM,STACY		
Clindamyc	in Phos	04.04.4	50 MLS Y	KULM, STACY		
urosemid	= 40 Ma	G/4 ML SD. VIAL NOW/ONE/IV				
	11/		40 MG			
		00/04/13-1618	Y	KULM, STACY		
Zurosemida	= 40 M/	3/4 ML SD. VIAL .STK-MED/ONE/	ZTII			
AL COUNTIL	_ +0 M					
			MG			
		06/04/13-1618	n not given	KULM, STACY		

Lodi Memorial Hospital EDM \*\*\*LIVE\*\*\*

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RUN TIME: 0233

RUN USER: RODRCY

EDM Patient Record

Patient PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Age/Sex 70/F

Account No. V024703878 Unit No. M053082

Patient Instructions

Carvedilol (By mouth)



Account No: V024703878 Unit No: M053082 Patient: PARVIN,MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

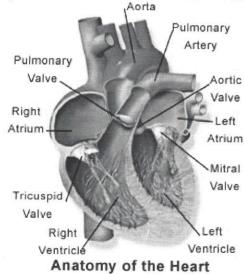
Date: 06/04/13

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

## **Congestive Heart Failure**

# **GENERAL INFORMATION:**

What is congestive heart failure? Congestive heart failure is a life-threatening disease that occurs when your heart becomes too weak to pump blood properly.



What causes congestive heart failure? Heart failure is caused by damage to your heart. Over time, the damage causes your heart to work harder and grow larger. The harder your heart works, the weaker it becomes until it cannot work properly. The following are the more common causes of heart failure:

- Heart problems: Coronary artery disease is the most common cause. The
  arteries that bring blood to your heart become narrow, leading to poor
  blood flow. A heart attack or damage to heart valves may also cause heart
  failure. Abnormal heartbeats can weaken your heart. High blood pressure
  also makes your heart work harder.
- **Diseases:** Diseases such as arthritis, lupus, and diabetes can damage your heart. Kidney, lung, or thyroid disease can make your heart work harder.
- Sleep disorders: Sleep disorders such as obstructive sleep apnea may lead to heart failure because you do not get enough oxygen.
- Toxins: Toxins include alcohol, chemicals in cigarettes, and drugs such as cocaine. High levels of heavy metals such as lead and mercury can be toxic.

(209) 334-3411

Date: 06/04/13

Account No: V024703878

Unit No: M053082

Patient: PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

Radiation therapy is also a toxin that can lead to heart failure.

- Medicines: Medicines used to treat heart conditions may weaken your heart. Chemotherapy medicines may damage your heart.
- Poor nutrition or obesity: Low levels of vitamins and minerals may damage your heart. High cholesterol levels may block your blood vessels and cause heart damage. Obesity causes your heart to work harder. Obesity also increases your risk for sleep apnea.

What are the signs and symptoms of congestive heart failure? Signs and symptoms often get worse over time but can appear suddenly or get worse quickly.

- Fatigue and weakness
- Swollen legs, ankles, feet, and abdomen
- Shortness of breath that may get worse when you lie down
- Chest pain or palpitations (strong, fast heartbeats)
- Cold hands and feet
- Coughing up pink and foamy or bloody sputum
- Decreased appetite, nausea, abdominal pain, and weight loss
- Changes in urination

**How is congestive heart failure diagnosed?** Your caregiver will ask when your symptoms started and what makes them worse. He will do a physical exam. A sample of your blood may be taken to check for imbalances in hormones and electrolytes. Blood tests can also check for diseases and test your liver and kidney function. Tell your caregiver if you have a family member with heart disease and about the medicines or herbal supplements you take. Also tell him if you smoke, drink alcohol, or take any illegal drugs.

• ECG: This is also called an EKG. An ECG is done to check for damage or



Date: 06/04/13 Account No: V024703878 Unit No: M053082 Patient: PARVIN.MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

problems in your heart. A short period of electrical activity in your heart is recorded. You may also need to wear a Holter monitor while you do your usual activities. The monitor will show how fast your heart beats, and if it beats in a regular pattern.

- **Heart catheter:** This is a procedure done to find the cause of your heart failure. A catheter (tube) is guided into your heart through a vein in your arm, neck, or groin. Your caregiver may use an x-ray to guide the tube to the right place.
- Exercise stress test: This test helps caregivers see the changes that take place in your heart during exercise. An ECG is done while you ride an exercise bike or walk on a treadmill. Caregivers will ask if you have chest pain or trouble breathing.
- Chest x-ray: The x-ray will show the size of your heart and if there is fluid around your heart and lungs.
- CT scan or MRI: Pictures are taken of your heart to check the size and thickness of your ventricles. The pictures may show if you have fluid around your heart and lungs. You may be given contrast dye through an IV. Tell your caregiver if you are allergic to iodine or shellfish. You may also be allergic to the dye.
- **Echo:** This type of ultrasound shows the movement and blood vessels of your heart. A transesophageal echo may be done if your heart cannot be seen well during a regular echo. Caregivers will put a tube in your mouth that is moved down into your esophagus. The tube has a small ultrasound sensor on the end that shows your heart.
- **Heart scan:** Pictures are taken to show how well your heart is pumping. You are given a small amount of dye in an IV to help the pictures show up better.
- **Biopsy:** A small sample of tissue is taken from your heart and tested to find the cause of your heart failure.



Date: 06/04/13

Account No: V024703878 Unit No: M053082 Patient: PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

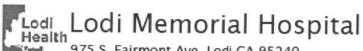
# What medicines may be used to treat congestive heart failure?

### Heart medicines:

- ACE inhibitors: These decrease your symptoms and slow your heart failure. You may need ARBs if you cannot take ACE inhibitors. ARBs help your heart beat more strongly.
- Beta blockers: These help your heart pump strongly and regularly.
- Cardiac glycosides: These help your heart beat strongly and decrease abnormal heartbeats.
- O Nitrates: These improve the blood flow through your heart.
- Vasodilators: These improve blood flow by making the vessels in your heart and lungs wider.
- **Diuretics:** These help your body get rid of extra fluid and protect your heart from more damage. You may urinate more often while you are taking diuretics.
- Blood thinners: These prevent blood clots. They may make you bruise or bleed more easily. Use a soft toothbrush and an electric shaver to prevent bleeding.

# How is congestive heart failure treated?

- Cardiac rehab: You learn how to live a more heart-healthy lifestyle, including nutrition and exercise.
- Oxygen: You may need extra oxygen if your blood oxygen level is lower than it should be. Oxygen can help decrease your shortness of breath.
- Implanted devices: An implanted device is put under your skin to help your heart beat properly. A pacemaker is an example of an implanted device.
- **Surgery:** Surgery may be done to open blocked heart vessels. You may have a damaged valve replaced. You may need a heart transplant if all other treatments have failed.



Date: 06/04/13

Account No: V024703878 Unit No: M053082 Patient: PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

• Fluid balance: This is a procedure to remove extra fluid from your blood.

# What can I do to manage my congestive heart failure?

- Check your weight daily: Weight gain can be a sign of extra fluid in your body. Weigh yourself at the same time every morning. Weigh yourself on the same scale, before you eat, and after you urinate. Record your weights, and the time you weighed yourself. Bring the record to your caregiver visits.
- Get regular exercise: Exercise may help decrease your symptoms and improve your heart function. Exercise also helps with weight control. Always warm up and cool down when you exercise. You may need to change your program if you feel more tired than usual the day after you exercise. Never start an exercise program before you talk with your caregiver.
- Maintain a healthy weight: This will help to decrease how hard your heart has to work. If you are overweight, ask your caregiver about a healthy weight loss plan.
- Take your medicines exactly as directed: Keep a written list of the
  medicines you take, the amounts, and when and why you take them. Put
  your medicines where you can see them. Use a timer to help you remember
  when to take your medicine. Do not stop taking your medicines unless
  directed. Ask your caregiver what to do if you miss a dose.
- Vaccines: The flu and pneumonia can be dangerous for a person with congestive heart failure. Vaccines can protect you against these diseases. You will need to get a flu vaccine each year. You may also need the pneumococcal vaccine to protect you from pneumonia. You will need this vaccine every 5 years.

# What may I need to avoid or limit?

- Do not smoke or take illegal drugs: Cigarettes and illegal drugs can worsen your heart failure. Ask your caregiver for information if you are having trouble quitting.
- Limit or avoid alcohol: Alcohol can worsen your heart failure and raise your blood pressure. Women should limit alcohol to 1 drink a day. Men



Date: 06/04/13 Account No: V024703878 Unit No: M053082

Patient: PARVIN, MARY JEAN Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

should limit alcohol to 2 drinks a day. A drink of alcohol is 12 ounces of beer, 5 ounces of wine, or  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ounces of liquor.

- Limit liquids: You may need to drink less fluids to help balance your fluid level. Ask how much liquid you should drink each day.
- Eat low-salt foods: You may need to limit the amount of sodium (salt) you eat to 2 to 3 grams each day. Check labels to find low-sodium or no-salt-added foods. Some low-sodium foods use potassium salts for flavor. Too much potassium can also cause health problems. Ask your caregiver what amounts of sodium and potassium salt are safe for you.
- Travel and be outdoors safely: Do not travel to altitudes above 1500 meters (4921 feet). Stay indoors when the weather is hot or humid, or there is heavy pollution in your area. High altitude, bad weather, and poor air quality can worsen your symptoms.
- Prevent pregnancy: During pregnancy and childbirth, the heart works harder than usual. Pregnancy may cause health problems for the mother and unborn baby. Certain medicines to treat heart failure should not be taken during pregnancy. Heart failure symptoms may get worse. Talk with your caregiver about safe ways to prevent pregnancy.

# What are the risks of treatment for congestive heart failure?

- Medicines used to treat your heart failure may cause dizziness, low blood pressure, and kidney problems. You may develop abnormal heartbeats.
   Surgery may cause you to bleed into your chest, and make it hard for your heart to beat. Your nerves, heart, and lungs may be damaged. You may get an infection after surgery.
- You may get a blood clot that travels to your lungs or brain, which can be life-threatening. If you need a heart transplant, your body may reject the heart. If your body rejects your new heart, you may need another transplant. Even with treatment, your heart failure may get worse, and you may die.



Date: 06/04/13

Account No: V024703878 Unit No: M053082 Patient: PARVIN,MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

### Where can I find more information?

 American Heart Association 7272 Greenville Avenue Dallas, TX 75231-4596

Phone: 1-800-242-8721

Web Address: http://www.heart.org

 Heart Failure Society of America 2550 University Avenue West St. Paul, MN 55114

Phone: 1-651-642-1633

Web Address: http://www.abouthf.org

# When should I contact my caregiver? Contact your caregiver if:

- You are more tired than usual.
- You gain 2 or more pounds in 1 day, or 4 or more pounds in 1 week.
- You have more swelling in your legs, ankles, feet, or abdomen.
- You feel anxious or depressed.
- Your heart is fluttering or jumping.
- You have no appetite, or you lose weight without trying.
- Your blood pressure is higher or lower than your caregiver says it should be.
- You have questions or concerns about your condition or care.

# When should I seek immediate care? Seek care immediately or call 911 if:

- You have any of the following signs of a heart attack:
  - Pain, pressure, or fullness in your chest that lasts more than a few minutes or returns

Date: 06/04/13 Account No: V024703878

Unit No: M053082 Patient: PARVIN,MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

o Pain or discomfort in your back, neck, jaw, stomach, or arm

- Nausea
- Shortness of breath
- Lightheadedness, dizziness, or a sudden cold sweat
- Your fingers or toes are cold and pale or blue.
- You are coughing up pink and foamy, or bloody sputum, or you have a constant dry cough.
- Your heart is beating faster than normal for you.
- You have diarrhea or are vomiting and not able to eat or drink.
- Your neck veins are bulging.
- You are urinating very little, or not at all.

### **CARE AGREEMENT:**

You have the right to help plan your care. Learn about your health condition and how it may be treated. Discuss treatment options with your caregivers to decide what care you want to receive. You always have the right to refuse treatment.

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Date: 06/04/13

Account No: V024703878

Unit No: M053082

Patient: PARVIN, MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

commercial purposes.

The above information is an educational aid only. It is not intended as medical advice for individual conditions or treatments. Talk to your doctor, nurse or pharmacist before following any medical regimen to see if it is safe and effective for you.



Date: 06/04/13 Account No: V024703878 Unit No: M053082 Patient: PARVIN,MARY JEAN

Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

Carvedilol (By mouth)
Carvedilol (kar-VE-dil-ol)

Treats high blood pressure and congestive heart failure (CHF). Also reduces the risk of death from a heart attack. This medicine is a beta-blocker.

# Brand Name(s):Coreg, Hypertenevide-12.5, Coreg CR

There may be other brand names for this medicine.

### When This Medicine Should Not Be Used:

You should not use this medicine if you have had an allergic reaction to carvedilol. Do not use this medicine if you have asthma, severe liver disease, or certain heart problems. Talk with your doctor about what these heart problems are.

# How to Use This Medicine: Long Acting Capsule, Tablet

- Your doctor will tell you how much of this medicine to use and how often.
   Your dose may need to be changed several times in order to find out what works best for you. Do not use more medicine or use it more often than your doctor tells you to.
- It is best to take this medicine with food or milk. If you are using the **extended-release capsule**, take it in the morning.
- Swallow the extended-release capsule whole. Do not crush, break, or chew it.
- If you cannot swallow the extended-release capsule, you may open it and pour the medicine into a small amount of soft food such as pudding, yogurt, or applesauce. Stir this mixture well and swallow it without chewing.
- This medicine comes with patient instructions. Read and follow these instructions carefully. Ask your doctor or pharmacist if you have any questions.

### If a dose is missed:

If you miss a dose or forget to use your medicine, use it as soon as you
can. If it is almost time for your next dose, wait until then to use the
medicine and skip the missed dose. Do not use extra medicine to make up
for a missed dose.

# How to Store and Dispose of This Medicine:

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Location: 2S

Physician: Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP

• Store the medicine in a closed container at room temperature, away from heat, moisture, and direct light.

 Ask your pharmacist, doctor, or health caregiver about the best way to dispose of any outdated medicine or medicine no longer needed.

 Keep all medicine away from children and never share your medicine with anyone.

### **Drugs and Foods to Avoid:**

Ask your doctor or pharmacist before using any other medicine, including over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal products.

- Make sure your doctor knows if you are also using any other heart medicine such as amiodarone (Cordarone®), clonidine (Catapres®), diltiazem (Cardizem®), propafenone (Rythmol®), quinidine, or verapamil (Calan®, Isoptin®, Verelan®). Tell your doctor if you are also using cyclosporine (Gengraf®, Neoral®, Sandimmune®), digoxin (Digitek®, Lanoxin®), fluconazole (Diflucan®), fluoxetine (Prozac®), paroxetine (Paxil®), reserpine (Serpalan®), rifampin (Rifadin®, Rimactane®), or a stomach medicine (such as cimetidine, Tagamet®).
- Make sure your doctor knows if you are also using an MAO inhibitor (MAOI) such as Eldepryl®, Marplan®, Nardil®, or Parnate®. Tell your doctor if you are also using a diabetes medicine (such as glyburide, insulin, metformin, Actos®, Glucophage®, Glucotrol®, or Glucovance®) or a numbing medicine (such as cyclopropane, ether, trichloroethylene, or Trimar®).

# Warnings While Using This Medicine:

- Make sure your doctor knows if you are pregnant or breastfeeding, or if you have kidney disease, liver disease, bradycardia (slow heartbeat), coronary artery disease, circulation problems, diabetes, edema (fluid retention or body swelling), heart or blood vessel problems, low blood pressure, lung or other breathing problems (such as bronchitis or emphysema), an overactive thyroid, pheochromocytoma (adrenal gland tumor), or if you are having frequent chest pains. Tell your doctor if you have severe allergic reactions in the past or if you have a scheduled surgery.
- Do not stop using this medicine suddenly without asking your doctor. You may need to slowly decrease your dose before stopping it completely.
- If you stop using this medicine, your blood pressure may go up. High blood pressure usually has no symptoms. Even if you feel well, do not stop using the medicine without asking your doctor.
- This medicine may raise or lower your blood sugar, or it may cover up symptoms of very low blood sugar (hypoglycemia). If you have diabetes, report any changes in your blood sugar to your doctor.

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 This medicine may make you dizzy or drowsy. Avoid driving, using machines, or doing anything else that could be dangerous if you are not alert. You may also feel lightheaded when getting up from a lying or sitting position, so stand up slowly.

 If you are wearing contact lens, this medicine may cause your eyes to form tears less than they do normally. Check with your doctor if you have dry

eyes.

- Make sure any doctor or dentist who treats you knows that you are using this medicine. You may need to stop using this medicine several days before having surgery or medical tests. Before you have eye surgery for a cataract (clouding of the eye), tell the ophthalmologist (eye doctor) that you are taking this medicine. A serious eye problem called Intraoperative Floppy Iris Syndrome (IFIS) has occurred in some patients who were taking this medicine or who had recently taken this medicine when they had cataract surgery.
- Your doctor will need to check your progress at regular visits while you are using this medicine. Be sure to keep all appointments.

# Possible Side Effects While Using This Medicine: Call your doctor right away if you notice any of these side effects:

 Allergic reaction: Itching or hives, swelling in your face or hands, swelling or tingling in your mouth or throat, chest tightness, trouble breathing

Change in how much or how often you urinate.

- Chest pain (may be related to your disease and not a side effect).
- Confusion, weakness, shortness of breath, or numbness or tingling in your hands, feet, or lips.
- Fast, slow, or uneven heartbeat.
- Increased hunger or thirst.
- Lightheadedness, dizziness, or fainting.

Sudden weight gain.

- Swelling in your hands, ankles, or feet.
- Unusual bleeding or bruising.
- Wheezing or trouble breathing.

# If you notice these less serious side effects, talk with your doctor:

- Changes in vision.
- Diarrhea, nausea, or vomiting.
- Dry eyes.
- · Headache.
- Joint or muscle pain.
- Trouble having sex.

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Unusual tiredness or weakness.

side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088

If you notice other side effects that you think are caused by this medicine, tell your doctor.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report

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The above information is an educational aid only. It is not intended as medical advice for individual conditions or treatments. Talk to your doctor, nurse or pharmacist before following any medical regimen to see if it is safe and effective for you.

# **Diagnostic Imaging Report**

Lodi Health 975 S. Fairmont Ave Lodi, CA 95240

Patient Name:

PARVIN, MARY JEAN

DOB:

03/16/43

MRN# Account# M053082

V024703878

Accession:

**XRAY** 

17185.001LMH

Chest 1 View

06/04/13

Total exam DLP:

(mGy-cm)

History: CHF.

Study compared with the examination of approximately 2 months ago. Left pleural effusion is noted. Pacemaker battery pack overlies same. Right lung is clear. Left upper lung field is clear.

Impression: Left lower lobe fluid and atelectasis are present and may be slightly more prominent than on the earlier exam. Battery pack overlies same.

Report Signed in other vendor system by: Vincent, Roger P MD on 06/04/13 1803

Reported By: Vincent, Roger P MD

CC: Min M - HOSP Hlaing, MD

Technologist: NGIM,NAVETH Date/Time: 06/04/13/1730

PARVIN, MARY JEAN

M053082

V024703878 DOB: 03/16/43

Phys:

Loc: ER

Exam Date: 06/04/13

Status: REG ER

## History and Physical, Admission

Date 06/04/13 Hlaing, Min M MD - HOSP M053082 PARVIN,MARY JEAN 03/16/43 70 V024703878

F

ER

History & Physical H&P

DATE

06-04-13

PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN

Dr. Edmund Freund

Cardiologist.

Dr. Stenzler

CHIEF COMPLAINT

Bilateral lower extremity swelling for 5 week

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS

Patient is a 70 years old female with past medical history of hypertension, diabetes mellitus, congestive heart failure, who presented with chief complaint of bilateral lower extremity redness and swelling for 5 weeks. She saw her primary care physician in over one week ago and was prescribed Keflex and doxycycline, but it did not get better. Patient denies any trauma to the lower extremity. No calf muscle tenderness. Patient has been sleeping on a chair lately, and she got shortness of breath when she lays down.

Patient denies any fever, chills, chest pain, or palpitation.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS

GENERAL:

No significant change in blood way. She has not been eating well for past 3 days. The

Respiratory system:

No fever, no chills. No hemoptysis, no sick contacts.

Cardiovascular system:

No chest pain. No palpitation. But has bilateral lower from dependent edema. Does have 3 pillows orthopnea. She has been sleeping on a chair lately.

GI:

Nausea, vomiting, constipation, or diarrhea.

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The rest of the 15 systems were reviewed and they are all within normal limit or at base line.

### PAST MEDICAL HISTORY

#1 history of congestive heart failure with echocardiogram showing ejection fraction 30 percent. She follow up with Dr. Spencer as outpatient.

#2 history of coronary artery disease, status post coronary artery bypass graft.

#3 history of insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, type II.

#4 history of hypertension.

#5 history of cerebrovascular accident.

#6 history of chronic kidney disease stage III. She does not see any nephrologist.

#7 history of hypothyroidism.

#8 history of depression.

#9 history of anxiety

#### PAST SURGICAL HISTORY

Status post implantable cardiac defibrillator placement. coronary artery bypass graft and appendectomy.

### FAMILY MEDICAL HISTORY

No family history of hypertension, but diabetes runs in family. No stroke.

### SOCIAL HISTORY

Patient is a lifelong nonsmoker. No history of drug abuse or alcohol use. She lives with a partner. She has no family no children.

### **ALLERGIES**

See below

IMMUNIZATIONS Up-to-date

op to date

HOME MEDICATIONS

see medication reconcilliation.

### PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

VITALS:

Vital Signs

Date	Temp				Pulse Ox	FiO2
06/04	37.1	70	18	123/58	94	

### History and Physical, Admission

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Vital Signs

Date Time	Temp	Pulse	Resp	B/P	Pulse Ox	O2 Delivery	O2 Flow Rate	FiO2	
06/04 1404	37.1	70	18	123/58	94				

[]

### GENERAL APPEARANCE:

[] No acute distress, can talk in full sentences

HEENT:

Atraumatic, Normocephalic, PERRLA, EOMI

CHEST:

Lungs shows bilateral lower lobe crackles. []

HEART:

S1 and S2, no murmur, rub or gallop []

ABDOMEN:

soft, non-tender, normal bowel sounds noted []

**EXTREMITIES:** 

no clubbing cyanosis, bilateral 2+ pitting edema noted. Eyelid erythema or off the lower extremity without any blister

SKIN:

Skin rash as mentioned above.

NEUROLOIGICAL:

alert and oriented x3. Cranial nerves 2-12 intact. Deep tendon reflexes are 2+ bilaterally and plantars are downgoing. Muscle strength  $5 \times 5$  in all 4 extremities. []

### LABORATORIES DATA AND STUDIES

**Laboratory Tests** 

Laboratory 16	SIS	
-	06/04	06/04
	1640	1459
Chemistry		
Procalcitonin (<= 0.5 ng/mL)		< 0.05

# History and Physical, Admission

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Urines		
Urine Color (YELLOW)	YELLOW	
Urine Appearance (CLEAR)	CLOUDY	
Urine pH (5.5 - 8.0)	6.0	
Ur Specific Gravity (1.001 - 1.099)	1.019	
Urine Protein (NEGATIVE mg/dL)	300 H	
Urine Glucose (UA) (NEGATIVE mg/dL)	250	
Urine Ketones (NEGATIVE mg/dL)	NEGATIVE	
Urine Blood (NEGATIVE)	NEGATIVE	
Urine Nitrite (NEGATIVE)	NEGATIVE	
Urine Bilirubin (NEGATIVE)	NEGATIVE	
Urine Urobilinogen (0.2 - 1.0 E.U./dL)	0.2	
Ur Leukocyte Esterase (NEGATIVE)	NEGATIVE	
Urine RBC (0 - 2 rbc/hpf)	6-10 H	
Urine WBC (0 - 5 wbc/hpf)	< 2	
Ur Squamous Epith Cells (NONE - FEW epi/hpf)	MODERATE	
Urine Crystals (NONE SEEN /hpf)	AMORPHOUS URATES 3+	
Urine Bacteria (NONE SEEN)	NONE SEEN	
Hyaline Casts (NONE - FEW /hpf)	FEW	
Pathogenic Casts (NONE SEEN /hpf)	NONE SEEN	

	06/04	06/04	06/04	06/04
Chamietry	1459	1459	1459	1459
Chemistry Sodium (124, 143 mmol/L)				4.44
Sodium (134 - 143 mmol/L)				141
Potassium (3.6 - 5.1 mmol/L)				4.3
Chloride (98 - 107 mmol/L)				106
Carbon Dioxide (22 - 32 mmol/L)				27
BUN (8 - 21 mg/dL)				35 H
Creatinine (0.44 - 1.03 mg/dL) Estimated GFR				2.07 H
BUN/Creatinine Ratio (6.0 - 20.0)				23.7
Glucose (70 - 110 mg/dL)		-		16.9 314 H
Lactic Acid (0.5 - 2.2 mmol/L)	1.3			314 H
Calcium (8.9 - 10.3 mg/dL)	1.0			8.6 L
Total Bilirubin (0.1 - 2.0 mg/dL)	***			1.0
AST (15 - 41 IU/L)				19
ALT (14 - 54 IU/L)				14
Alkaline Phosphatase (38 - 126 IU/L)				76
Creatine Kinase (38 - 234 IU/L)		140		, 0
Troponin I (0.01 - 0.06 ng/mL)		0.04		
B-Natriuretic Peptide (< 176 pg/mL)			1453 H	
Total Protein (6.1 - 7.9 g/dL)				5.3 L
Albumin (3.5 - 4.8 g/dL)				2.6 L
Globulin (2.0 - 3.8 gm/dL)				2.7
Albumin/Globulin Ratio (1.2 - 2.5)				1.0 L
Hematology				
WBC (5.0 - 9.5 K/mm3)				5.1
RBC (3.70 - 5.50 M/uL)	- 134		14	4.40

6-19-13

# Lodi Memorial Hospital

# History and Physical, Admission

Date

06/04/13

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non compliance

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Hgb (12.0 - 16.0 g/dL)	13.3
Hct (37.0 - 47.0 %)	39.5
MCV (80.0 - 99.0 fl)	89.7
MCH (27.0 - 33.0 pg)	30.1
MCHC (31.8 - 36.2 g/dL)	33.6
RDW (10.0 - 16.4 %)	16.5 H
Plt Count (140 - 450 K/mm3)	211
MPV (7.5 - 10.5 fl)	10.2
Neut % (37 - 80 %)	 62.6
Lymph % (10.0 - 50.0 %)	25.1
Mono % (<12.0 %)	8.3
Eos % (<7.0 %)	2.8
Baso % (<2.5 %)	1.2
Absolute Neutrophils (2.40 - 7.56 K/uL)	 3.21
Absolute Lymphocytes (0.96 - 4.75 K/uL)	1.29
Absolute Monocytes (0.10 - 1.00 K/uL)	0.43
Absolute Eosinophils (0.00 - 0.45 K/uL)	0.14
Absolute Basophils (0.00 - 0.20 K/uL)	0.06

[]

### **ASSESSMENT**

#1 bilateral lower extremity cellulitis failed outpatient antibiotic therapy

#2 CHF exacerbation

#3, diabetes mellitus

#4, hypertension

#5 coronary disease

### **PLAN**

#, Bilateral lower extremity cellulitis.

Patient failed outpatient antibiotic therapy with Keflex and doxycycline. Patient will be placed on vancomycin and Rocephin.

#CHF exacerbation.

Patient has ejection fraction of only 30 percent. Hi BNP is elevated at more than 2000. Will give IV diuretic.

#Hypertension.

Home, medication. We will continue this graft

#diabetes mellitus

Lantus and sliding scale will be continued. Hemoglobin A1c will be checked.

#Chronic renal failure



### History and Physical, Admission

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-We will monitor for now.

# Prophylaxis

Heparin for DVT prophylaxis and Pepcid for ulcer prophylaxis

CODE STATUS

DO NOT RESUSCITATE

LENGTH OF STAY

2-3 days

### **Allergies**

Coded Allergies:

latex (Mild, Rash 06/04/13)

Converted from Drug Class Allergy: Latex

Sulfa (Sulfonamide Antibiotics) (Severe, Convulsions; REACTION AS A CHILD. OK TO TAKE LASIX

06/04/13)

Converted from Ingredient Allergy: Sulfa Drugs morphine (Mild, MAKES HER FEEL FUNNY 06/04/13)

# **Home Medications**

### **Active Scripts**

Carvedilol 12.5 MG PO BID

#60 TAB Ref 6

Prov: FREUND, EDMUND MD 08/30/12

Lovastatin 40 MG PO DAILY

#30 TAB Ref 6

Prov: FREUND, EDMUND MD 01/30/13

Lortab 10-500 (HYDROcodone/Acetaminophen 10-500) 1 TAB PO Q8

#90 TAB Ref 3

Prov: FREUND, EDMUND MD 02/21/13

Catapres \*\* (cloNIDine \*\*) 0.2 MG PO HS

#30 TAB

Prov: FREUND, EDMUND MD 04/25/13

Imdur \*\* (Isosorbide Mononitrate \*\*) 30 MG PO DAILY

#30 TAB Ref 3

Prov: FREUND, EDMUND MD 04/25/13

Metolazone \*\* 2.5 MG PO DAILY

#30 TAB Ref 6

Prov: FREUND, EDMUND MD 05/16/13

Keflex \*\* (Cephalexin Monohydrate \*\*) 500 MG PO TID

#30 CAP

Prov: FREUND.EDMUND MD 05/16/13

Doxycycline Hyclate \*\* 100 MG PO BID

#20 TAB

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Prov: FREUND, EDMUND MD 05/16/13

### **Reported Medications**

Levothroid (Levothyroxine Sodium) 100 MCG PO DAILY
Accu-Chek Active Test Strip (Blood Sugar Diagnostic) 1 STRIP
Aspirin \*\* 81 MG PO DAILY
Lasix \*\* (Furosemide \*\*) 80 MG PO DAILY
Klor-Con (Potassium Chloride) 10 MEQ PO DAILY
BIOTIN (Biotin) 1000 MCG PO AS DIRECTED
Micardis \*\* (Telmisartan \*\*) 80 MG PO DAILY
NovoLOG (Insulin Aspart) 0 - 15 UNIT SUB-Q AS DIRECTED
Lexapro (Escitalopram) 10 MG PO DAILY
#30
Lantus \*\* (Insulin Glargine Hum rec anlog \*\*) 25 UNIT SUB-Q A

Lantus \*\* (Insulin Glargine, Hum. rec. anlog \*\*) 25 UNIT SUB-Q AM #1 VIAL

Lantus \*\* (Insulin Glargine, Hum.rec.anlog \*\*) 27 UNIT SUB-Q HS #1 VIAL

### **Discontinued Reported Medications**

Doxycycline Hyclate \*\* 100 MG PO Q12

### Problem List Active Problems

Cellulitis and abscess of leg

### CC:

Freund, Edmund A MD - ER

M053082

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<Electronically signed by Min M - HOSP Hlaing, MD>

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